International Forum on Skills Intelligence in Post-Secondary & Higher Education Advancing Skills Intelligence in Post-Secondary & Higher Education:

Anticipation, Alignment, and the Future of Work



Skills Intelligence Tools for HEIS Offer Alignment: The Labour Market Reports

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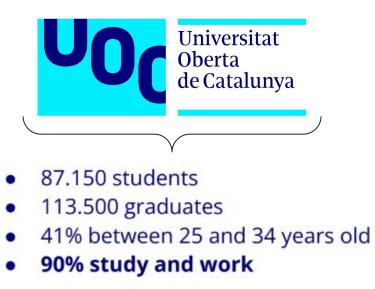
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July 3, 2025 #IFSI2025 I. Introduction



2. Why Skills Intelligence is relevant

AI & Automation	Digital Transformation			
Transforming tasks, roles, and required skills.	Changing how businesses operate and workers engage.			
Green Transition	Workforce & Demographic Shifts			



Improving career perspectives and job quality are **main motivations** of students 2.

The Skills Intelligence Unit (UPAL)

The UPAL was created in 2022 to generate scientific knowledge about a fast-changing labor market.

Our mission is to obtain and provide relevant and timely information on labour market demand and requirements in terms of competencies and lifelong learning in different sectors and workplaces, with a regional perspective.



The Labour Market Reports

2.

1. The Labour Market Reports

Interactive tool



Describing labour market trends to provide relevant information that **helps the UOC adapt its offerings to current and future needs**.

better alignment between academic programs and labor market needs







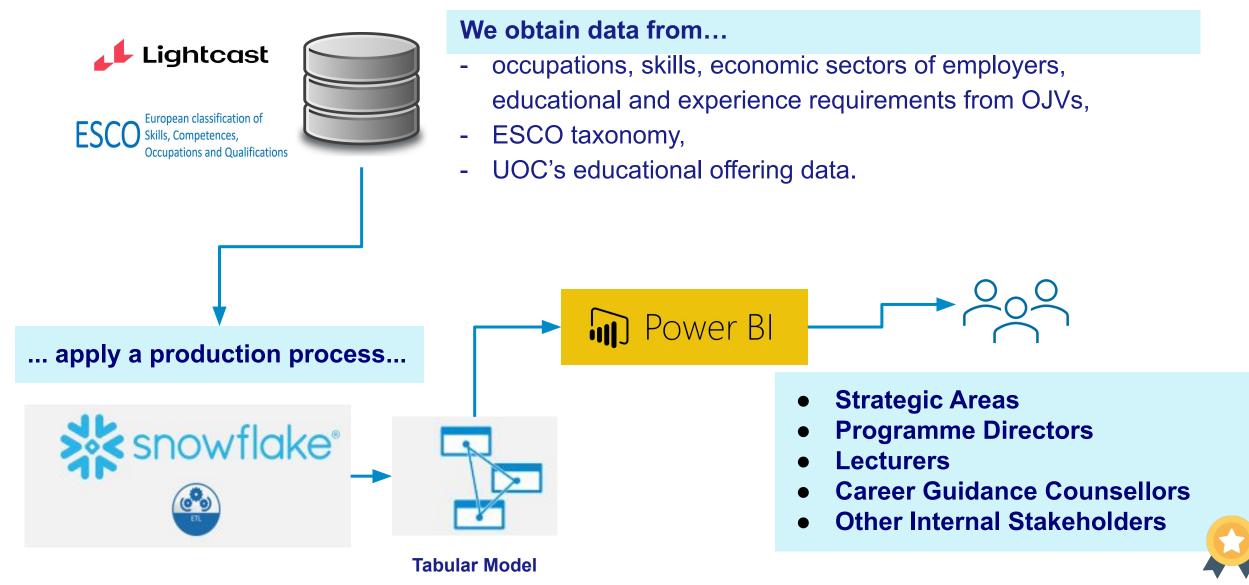
The interactive labour market tool

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The Interactive Labour Market Reports: Intro



Inside the Interactive Labour Market Reports



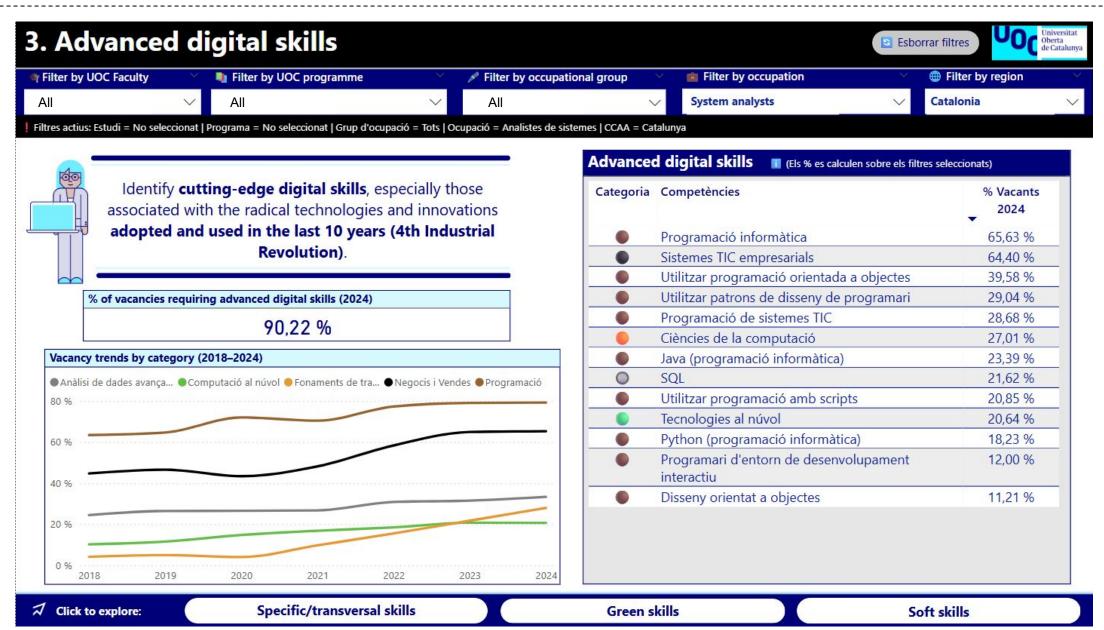
The Interactive Labour Market Reports: Occupations

🕈 Select by UOC Faculty 🛛 👋 🐴 Select by UOC programme	× ,	🖋 Select by o	ccupational group	🖂 💼 Select	by occupation	
All 🗸 All	\sim	All		V All		
Filtres actius: Estudi = No seleccionat Programa = No seleccionat Grup d'ocupa	ció = Tots Ocu	upació = Analiste	es de sistemes CCAA =	Tots		
ob openings by occupation 🔟 (Els % de vacants es calculen sol	bre el total)			Monthly	/ evolution of jo	b va
Ocupació (ESCO nivell 4)	% Vacants 2024	% Vacants 2018-2024	Tendència	1		
System analysts	3,39 %	2,89 %	0,19% 📈 📈	ser 0,04		
Operaris/àries de màquines i d'instal·lacions fixes no classificats/des sota altres epígrafs	3,39 %	3,02 %	0,03% -	de vacants mensuals	Mm	۸.
Desenvolupadors/es de programari	2,89 %	4,34 %	-0,43% 📉 📉	cant	MAANA	IW
Representants comercials	2,58 %	3,03 %	-0,22% 🛰 🛰	P 0,02	1-1-000	
Oficinistes generals	2,53 %	2,06 %	0,24% 📈 📈	de l		
Agents de serveis comercials no classificats sota altres epígrafs	2,48 %	4,10 %	-0,50% 📉 📉	0,01		
Directors/es de recerca i desenvolupament	2,44 %	1,82 %	0,24%	201	2020	
Assistents de venda de botigues i magatzems	2,28 %	2,66 %	-0,13% 📉	Top sect	ors by number	of
Enginyers/es no classificats/ades sota altres epígrafs	2,15 %	1,59 %	0,19% 📈 📈	Top sect	ors by number	01
Comptables	1,70 %	1,51 %	0,06% 📈	Activitats pro	ofessionals, científiques i t	tècni
Secretaris/àries administratius/ves i executius/ves	1,67 %	1,98 %	-0,10% 📉			
Directors/es de vendes i comercialització	1,66 %	1,21 %	0,13% 📈	Informació i	comunicació	
Professionals de la publicitat i la comercialització	1,60 %	1,43 %	0,10% 📈	Activitats de	serveis administratius i d	e sup
Cambrers/es de taules	1,55 %	1,43 %	0,02% —			
Altre personal de neteja	1,53 %	1,24 %	0,06% 📈	Manufactura	1	
Peons/es de càrrega	1,47 %	1,25 %	0,08% 📈	Activitats fin	anceres i d'assegurances	
Ajudants/es de cuina	1,43 %	1,15 %	0,07%		12	
Enginyers/es industrials i de producció	1,41 %	1,35 %	0,02% -			
Venedors/es per telèfon	1.39 %	1,89 %	-0,05% -		💉 Emergin	g oc

The Interactive Labour Market Reports: Changes in skills profiles

🕈 Select by UOC Faculty 🛛 👋 🔿 Selec	ct by UOC programme	Select by occupational group	💛 👘 Se	lect by occupation	n	Filter by region
All 🗸 🗸 All		∼ All	V Syste	em analysts		✓ Catalonia
Filtres actius: Estudi = No seleccionat Programa	= No seleccionat Grup d'ocu	Ipació = Tots Ocupació = Analistes de sistemes CCAA =	Catalunya			
Skills profile requested in 201 (Els % de vacants es calculen sobre els filtres s		Skills profile requested in 2023-2				Click to exclude transve
Competències	% Vacants 2018-2019	Competències	% Vacants 2023-2024	Especificitat 2023-2024	Canvis	skills
Tenir competències informàtiques	57,86 %	Programació de sistemes TIC	28,35 %	11,91	x x x	
Sistemes TIC empresarials	38,89 %	Analitzar processos empresarials	13,62 %	10,18	×	
Gestió de projectes	32,94 %	Administrar sistema TIC	26,45 %	9,98	-	
Utilitzar Microsoft Office	32,59 %	Utilitzar programació orientada a objectes	39,03 %	9,49	×	
Programació informàtica	31,85 %	Analitzar especificacions de programari	40,16 %	9,30	\$ 2	
Administrar sistema TIC	26,76 %	Disseny	10,27 %	9,28	2 2	
Utilitzar sistemes administratius	25,58 %	Utilitzar patrons de disseny de programari	28,23 %	9,08	\$ \$	_
Base de dades	25,41 %	Python (programació informàtica)	17,00 %	9,04	2	
Utilitzar programació orientada a object	tes 22,30 %	Gestionar bases de dades	20,74 %	8,99	-	
Informar dels resultats de les anàlisis	22,19 %	Java (programació informàtica)	22,83 %	8,76	x x	_
Gestionar bases de dades	19,81 %	Utilitzar programes informàtics de	19,68 %	8,73	×	
Utilitzar programari de fulls de càlcul	19,30 %	tractament de text				
Processar dades	18,87 %	Disseny orientat a objectes	11,24 %	8,44	2 2	
SQL	18,80 %	Processar dades	31,04 %	8,00	×	-
Dissenyar prototips	17,05 %	Ciències de la computació	23,94 %	7,91	2 2 2	_
Programes d'ofimàtica	16,98 %	Utilitzar programació amb scripts	20,08 %	7,76	-	-
Analitzar especificacions de programari	15,93 %	Sistemes TIC empresarials	63,92 %	7,60	se 1	—
Utilitzar programació amb scripts	15,28 %	Gestió de la integració	14,26 %	7,20	-	experienced the mos
Comunicació	14,04 %	Processament analític en línia	34,26 %	7,16	2 2 2	significant changes (soo

The Interactive Labour Market Reports: Trends impact







The descriptive labour market report

Shared Intelligence to Adapt UOC's Academic Offer

- The **Skills Intelligence unit** leads labour market analysis and foresight within UOC's Committee for Intelligence and Foresight (CIP).
- The CIP aims to connect units that often work in silos academic, strategic, innovation, and labour market areas — enabling more integrated and informed decision-making.
- Labour market analysis speaks the language of occupations and skills; higher education speaks in programmes and .



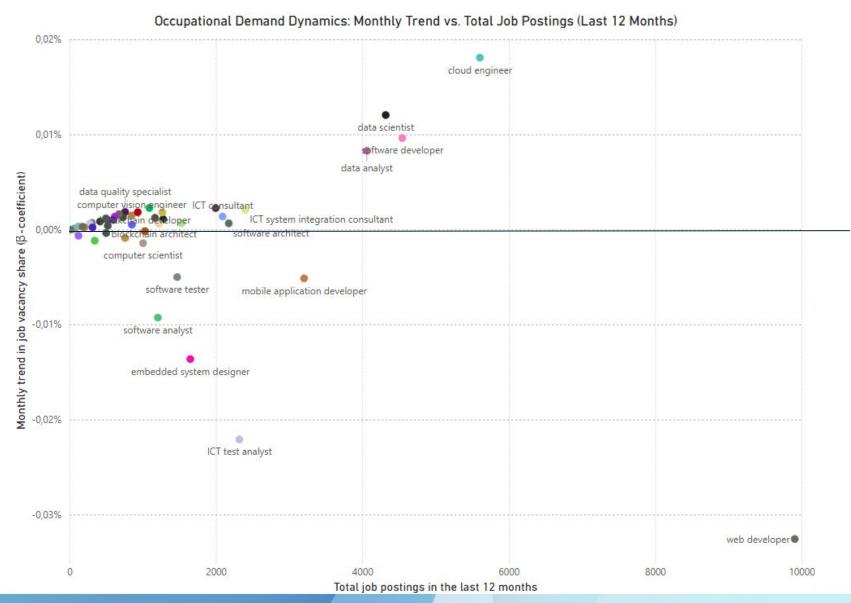
Method: From Labour Market Data to Educational Strategy

Macrotrends	Identify global and local macro-trends, and review international trends effect on occupations and skills.	From secondary foresight data (WEF, CEDEFOP, ILO – global and Spain).
2 Spain Data	To identify in-demand occupations, emerging roles, and key skills in the Spanish labour market through a highly granular analysis of online job advertisements (OJAs), based on standardized taxonomies.	Primary data from national job postings provided by Lightcast
3 Contrast opportunities	To contrast educational opportunities with student interests and the current academic offering, in order to identify alignments and potential gaps.	Structured internal data on the university's programs and career outcomes.
Recomendations	Recommend new or updated programs based on market-aligned opportunities, through structured, collaborative analysis.	Cross-university collaboration (academic and management areas).

Some lessons learned

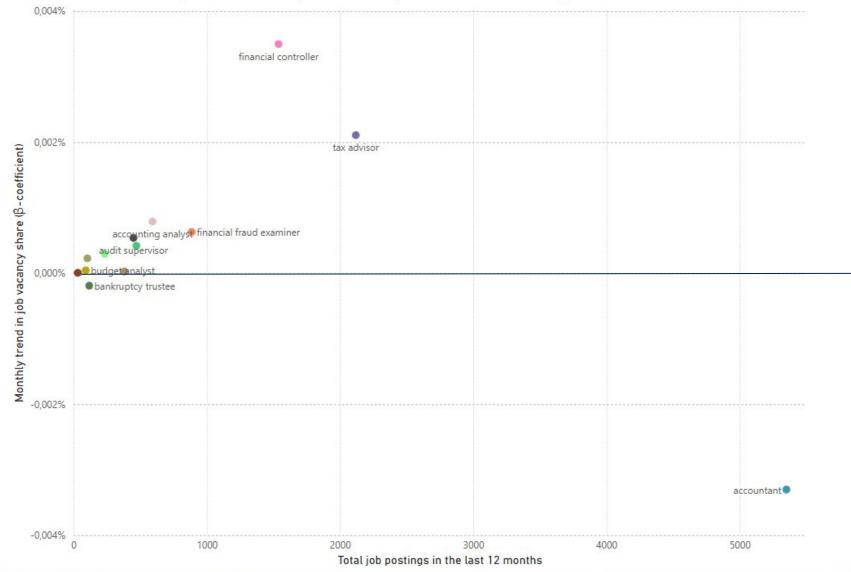
- International reports reveal important macrotrends, but their impact on occupations is not granular; they do not allow for the identification of emerging occupations, but rather trends in large groups.
- It is important to differentiate between high-demand, growing, and "emerging" occupations, the latter of which are particularly difficult to identify and advance with the necessary specificity.
- Specific occupations can exhibit heterogeneous behaviors within occupational groups (ISCO-08).

Some examples of granularity.



Some examples of granularity.

Occupational Demand Dynamics: Monthly Trend vs. Total Job Postings (Last 12 Months)



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5. Importance of the initiative

The Labor Market Reports Significance

- Collaboration alliances synergies
- Flexibility simple
- LMI + Multiple data sources
- Continuous improvement process
- Example of agile, skills-driven learning ecosystems that are better aligned with ongoing societal and labour market transformation.
- These tools stands for UOC's vision: lifelong learning, upskilling, and re-skilling for employability.
- Collaboration does not compromise academic autonomy it enriches and informs curriculum design and ongoing program updates.



Advancing Skills Intelligence in Post-Secondary & Higher Education:

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Thank you!

